# Exhibit H

The Honorable Fred Upton Chairman Committee on Energy and Commerce United States House of Representatives 2125 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Tim Murphy
Chairman
Subcommittee on Oversight
and Investigation
United States House of Representatives
2125 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Marsha Blackburn Vice Chairman Committee on Energy and Commerce United States House of Representatives 2125 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Joe Barton Chairman Emeritus Committee on Energy and Commerce United States House of Representatives 2125 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Joseph R. Pitts Chairman Subcommittee on Health United States House of Representatives 2125 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable C. Burgess, M.D.
Vice Chairman
Subcommittee on Health
Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations
Committee on Energy and Commerce
United States House of Representatives
2125 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Upton, Chairman Barton, Chairman Murphy, Chairman Pitts, Vice Chairman Blackburn and Vice Chairman Burgess:

On behalf of our client, and attachments respond to your letter, dated March 14, 2013, requesting information regarding analysis of the expected effect of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act ("PPACA") on health insurance premiums or costs beginning in 2014, which are matters currently under examination by the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

Consistent with our discussions with Committee Counsels Sean Hayes and Karen Christian,

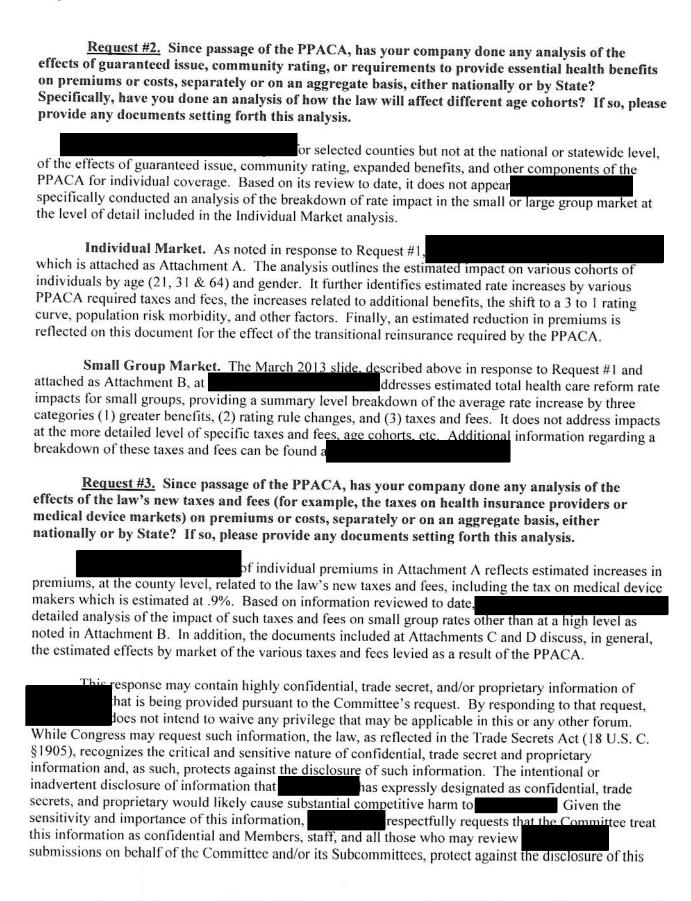
and Ms. Chr databases in relatively bri to identify an	We are providing the password by separate letter. As agreed with Mr. Hayes istian, the company's possession, given the time and effort required for such a task and the left time frame set for responses. As requested by Mr. Hayes, and review those senior level presentations or briefings regarding PPACA which were believed to contain information responsive to the Committee's requests.
cooperate wi responsive ir the Committe Ms. Christian information a only provided	mphasized in our discussions with Mr. Hayes and Ms. Christian, the Committee's inquiry and, in that spirit, has made a good faith effort to provide afformation that has been identified to date, consistent with see's written request and the subsequent direction and guidance provided by Mr. Hayes and an This response, as described in more detail below, and belief, based on its review of responsive and available materials. We note that we have detail the responsive documents contained in larger, otherwise non-responsive presentations and ain documents, redacted as non-responsive the names and titles of individual employees.
In recaveats, in ac	viewing this response, the Committee should also note several general assumptions and dition to those noted on the attached documents:
a.)	The documents provided with respect to the estimated effect on rates in the individual market address only the impact to non-grandfathered health plans as that term is used in the PPACA. Small group grandfathered health plans are included in the aggregate analysis of rate impacts provided in Attachment B as certain PPACA taxes and fees apply to all groups regardless of grandfathered health plan status;
c.)	The documents provided do not reflect the effect of annual medical trend increases year over year which for 2013 is estimated at between 9% and 11% for most products and markets; and
d.)	estimates, at the time of preparation, with respect to premium impacts in 2014. Final actual rates will vary for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to, additional federal and state guidance on rates, refinements in assumptions regarding population morbidity and other actuarial factors

Request #1. Since passage of the PPACA, has your company done any analysis of the effect of the law on premiums generally, including analyses of the effect of the PPACA on premiums in

the individual market, the small group market, or the large group market, either nationally or by State? If so please provide any documents setting forth this analysis.

done an analysis of the effects of the law on premiums generally in both the

individual and small group markets as described below. Individual Market. Based on information reviewed to date, it appears prepare a detained analysis of the law's effects on premiums on a national or statewide basis in the individual market. Instead. an analysis of the premium impacts, in selected counties, on current most popular selling product and (2) the product with the largest individual enrollment. Although we understand the Committee's request addresses national and statewide analysis, we have provided as an example an analysis for prepared on February 13, 2013 We note that Attachment A includes two versions of the analysis: one which includes the estimated effects of the individual subsidies (at and one that does not impacts related to the PPACA will vary greatly by the type of coverage an individual is enrolled in (e.g., how comprehensive is the coverage) in addition to age, rating area, and other factors. analysis demonstrates, the current most popular less comprehensive benefits than a PPACA compliant Silver plan and enrolled individuals would see larger increases in rates than would enrollees with the most enrollment, where benefits are more comprehensive (if switching to a Platinum level PPACA compliant plan). Thus calculated a statewide blended average for comparison purposes in the individual market given these significant disparities between product types. Finally, the Committee should note that the Exchange fee of 3.5% is fully loaded on the impact analysis provided in While the Exchange fee is charged for any individual enrolling through the exchange, the fee is spread over an issuer's entire individual market pool of business including off exchange sales. As a result, the actual premium increase associated with the Exchange fee would be less than 3.5%. Small Group Market. management prepared and delivered a presentation for its Board of Directors on March 11, 2013 outlining, at a high level, the impact of the PPACA on premiums for its current small employer membership. Responsive slides from the presentation are attached as Attachment B, at Attachment B provides an estimated statewide aggregate impact that includes not only the estimated average small group increase, but also shows the estimated number small employer customers impacted. While the increase related to PPACA requirements is 13%, the presentation indicates, that some employers are estimated to have significant rate increases and a smaller number are estimated to have actual rate decreases. Based on information reviewed to date, prepare a detailed analysis, on a national basis, of PPACA's impact on premiums in the small group market. Large Group Market. based on its review to date, that a detailed statewide or national analysis of PPACA's impact on large group rates was not prepared by the company. Nevertheless, large employees will be subject to certain taxes and fees. A general communication to customers on PPACA taxes and fees is provided as



highly confidential information. Accordingly, produced today with the legend to the attachments are the same of the attachments are the same of the attachments.

trade secret, or proprietary information, and a reasonable opportunity to address this issues with the Committee before any disclosure is made.

Should you have any questions concerning the information provided herein, please contact me directly at



cc: The Honorable Henry A. Waxman, Ranking Member

The Honorable John D. Dingell, Chairman Emeritus

The Honorable Diana DeGette, Ranking Member Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations

The Honorable Frank Pallone, Ranking Member Subcommittee on Health

Enclosures

## **ATTACHMENT A**

#### Case 1:

County: Non Smoker
Premium reflects no health conditions<sup>1</sup>

Over 400% FPL<sup>2</sup>

Today:

2014: Purchasing a silver plan on Marketplace

### **Monthly Premiums**

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	Age 21 <sup>4</sup>		Age 31		Age 64	
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Current Monthly Premium for	\$92	\$101	\$121	\$134	\$456	\$377
Health Insurer Fee (non-deductible)	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%
Reinsurance fee (\$5.25 pmpm)	5.7%	5.2%	4.3%	3.9%	1.2%	1.4%
PCORT fee (\$2 pmpy)	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Exchange fee	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Add'l taxes passed from providers (pharma, device)	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%
Population Risk Morbidity	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
2014 benefit enhancements (EHB's) <sup>3</sup>	36.0%	70.7%	34.5%	70.8%	32.1%	32.3%
3:1 Limit, Unisex, Standard Rate Curve	33.5%	-3.0%	19.5%	-14.9%	-15.1%	2.2%
Reinsurance credit	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%
Estimated ACA premiums <sup>5</sup>	\$204	\$204	\$236	\$236	\$612	\$612
Increase	122.0%	101.8%	95.3%	76.7%	34.3%	62.1%

Premium impacts considering subsidies at different levels<sup>6</sup>

Post Subsidy Premium for 150% FPL	\$59	\$59	\$59	\$59	\$59	\$59
Increase	-36%	-42%	-51%	-56%	-87%	-84%
Post Subsidy Premium for 250% FPL	\$197	\$197	\$197	\$197	\$197	\$197
Increase	114%	95%	63%	47%	-57%	-48%
Post Subsidy Premium for 350% FPL	\$204	\$204	\$236	\$236	\$325	\$325
Increase	122%	102%	96%	77%	-29%	-14%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This analysis assumes enrollee has no health conditions that increase premium. Over 90% of our U65 enrollment is written at the lowest available premium.

<sup>3</sup>EHB's for plans includes adding maternity, behavioral health, Habilitative and pediatric dental and vision as well as comprehensive outpatient and pharmacy benefits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This analysis assumes enrollee has an income >400% FPL and thus is not eligible for a subsidy. We estimate over 2/3 of our current U65 enrollment is not eligible for a subsidy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The possibility of ACA premium reduction through enrollment in a catastrophic plan is not considered in this analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Not adjusted for medical trend between 12/1/12 and 1/1/14 effective dates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Assumes the premium above is the 2<sup>nd</sup> lowest premium available to member

#### Case 2:

County: Non Smoker

Premium reflects no health conditions<sup>1</sup>

Over 400% FPL<sup>2</sup>

Today: Copay plan with \$1500 deductible

2014: Purchasing a Platinum plan on Marketplace

### **Monthly Premiums**

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	Age 21 <sup>4</sup>		Age 31		Age	e 64
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Current Monthly Premium for Copay Plan	\$182	\$209	\$250	\$292	\$697	\$677
Health Insurer Fee (non-deductible)	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%
Reinsurance fee (\$5.25 pmpm)	2.9%	2.5%	2.1%	1.8%	0.8%	0.8%
PCORT fee (\$2 pmpy)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Exchange fee	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Add'l taxes passed from providers (pharma, device)	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%
Population Risk Morbidity	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
2014 benefit enhancements (EHB's) <sup>3</sup>	4.6%	31.3%	3.5%	31.4%	1.6%	1.8%
3:1 Limit, Unisex, Standard Rate Curve	13.6%	-21.4%	-2.5%	-34.5%	-7.1%	-4.5%
Reinsurance credit	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%	-10.9%
Estimated ACA premiums <sup>5</sup>	\$262	\$262	\$304	\$304	\$787	\$787
Increase	43.9%	25.3%	21.8%	4.2%	12.9%	16.3%
Post Subsidy Premium for 150% FPL	\$117	\$117	\$127	\$127	\$234	\$234
Increase	-36%	-44%	-49%	-56%	-66%	-65%
Post Subsidy Premium for 250% FPL	\$255	\$255	\$265	\$265	\$372	\$372
Increase	40%	22%	6%	-9%	-47%	-45%
Post Subsidy Premium for 350% FPL	\$262	\$262	\$304	\$304	\$500	\$500
Increase	44%	25%	22%	4%	-28%	-26%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This analysis assumes enrollee has no health conditions that increase premiums. Over 90% of our U65 enrollment is written at the lowest available premium.

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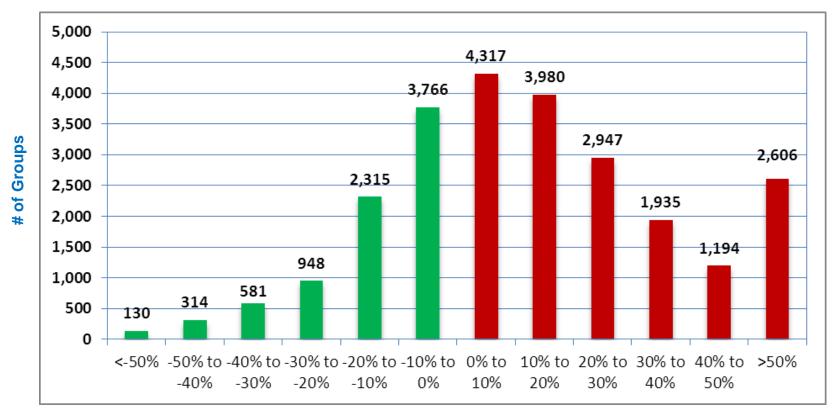
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### Total Health Care Reform Rate Impacts for Small Groups



Range of Rate Increases/ Decreases\*

Small Group Average Increase	13%
From Greater Benefits	6%
From Rating Rule Changes	3%
Taxes and Fees	4%

Impacts are only for ACA changes and not inclusive of normal medical trend